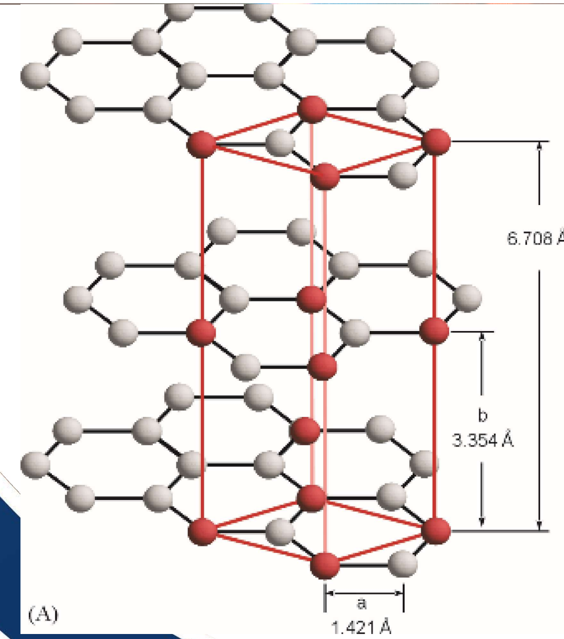
GAS-COOLED REACTOR
ADVANCED REACTOR TECHNOLOGIES PROGRAM



17-July-2024

DOE ART Graphite R&D Program

Will Windes

Graphite Technical Lead - INL

DOE ART GCR Review Meeting

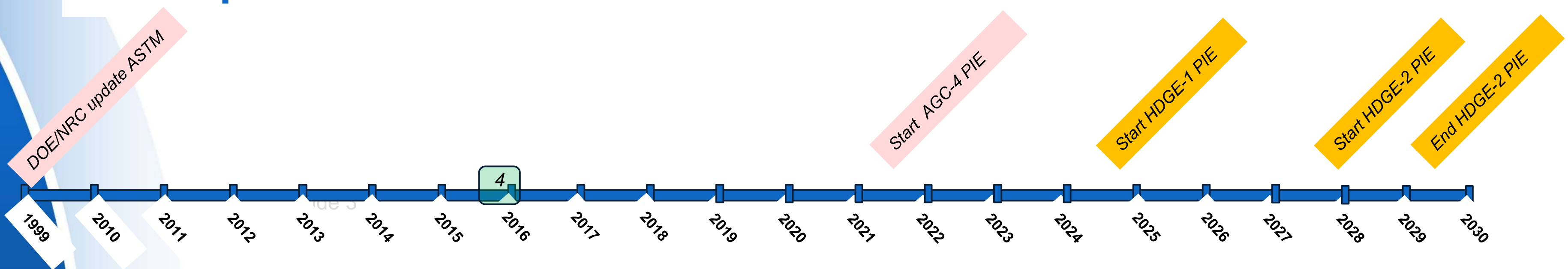
Hybrid Meeting at INL

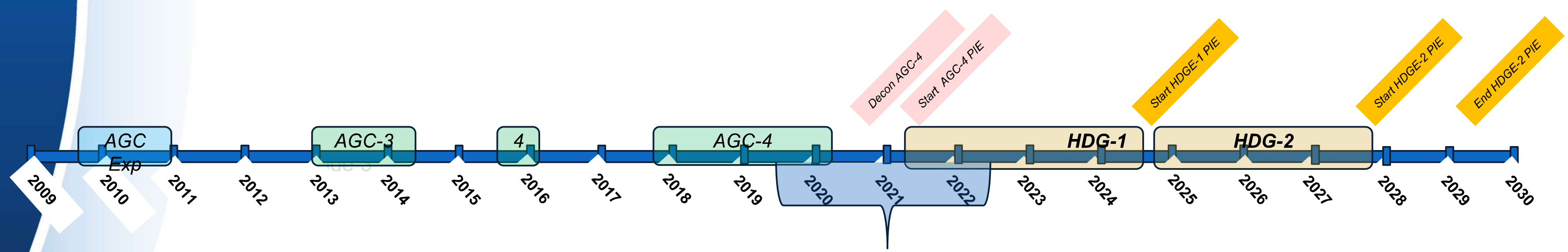
July 16–18, 2024

Graphite topics this FY24

Introduction	Will Windes
Oxidation Activities	Rebecca Smith
Oxidation resistant graphite	Tim Bragg/Michael Barkdull
Model Development	Veerappan Prithivirajan
Break (25 minutes)	
ASME Component failure	(Remote) Martin Metcalfe
ASME Code Development (Design rules)	Andrea Mack
Ceramic Composites	Wilna Geringer
Lunch (Graphite NEUP presentations) • *Multiscale Effects of Irradiation Damage on Nuclear Graphite Properties* • *Quantifying the Dynamic and Static Porosity/Microstructure Characteristics of Irradiated Graphite through Multi-technique*	• *Gongyuan (Patrick) Liu, Penn State University* • *Jacob Eapen, North Carolina State University*
AGC Update	Will Windes
Molten salt intrusion	Nidia Gallego
Split-disk Studies	Arvin Cunningham & Lianshan Lin
Wear testing	Tomas Grejtak
Concluding remarks	Will Windes

Some history and perspective on graphite component development





Five different graphite research areas

Licensig & Code

- Establishes an ASME approved code (for 1st time)
- Develops property values for initial components and irradiation induced changes

Behavior models

- Predicts irradiated material properties and potential degradation issues
- Irradiation behavior for continued safe operation

Graphite R&D Program

Defines the safe working envelope for nuclear graphite and protection of fuel

As-Fab'd Properties

- (Statistically) Establishes as-received material properties
- Baseline data used to determine irradiation material properties

Mechanisms and Analysis

- Data analysis and interpretation
- Understanding the damage mechanisms is key to interpreting data

Irradiation

- Determines irradiation changes to material properties
- Irradiation behavior for continued safe operation

FY23 Graphite Activities

Capsule Irradiation
- HDG-1 Irr
- HDG-2 Design
- HDG-2 Sample order

PIE
- AGC-4 Disassembly
- Sample Transport
- AGC-4 PIE
- Irradiation Behavior

50% to 65% of program funding

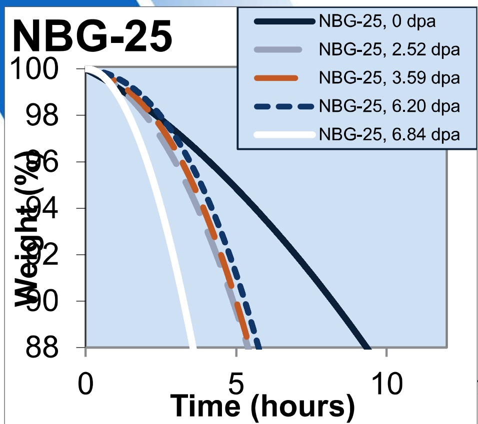
Characterization
- Baseline
- Modeling
- Licensing ASME
- Matrix Oxidation
- ASTM Dev
- Irradiation Damage
- Oxidation
- Graphite Microstructur
- Oxidation Properties
- Carbon Lab Upgrade
- Oxidation Resistance
- Split Disc
- Thermal Creep
- HT Mech Testing

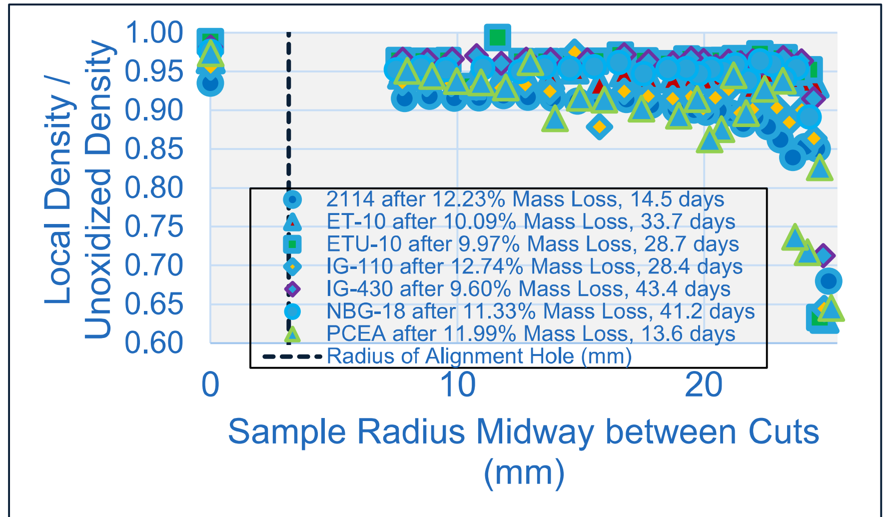
Data
- NDMAS
- Graphite Analysis Tool
- University Collaborations
- Vendor Collaboration
- IAEA/EDF Collaboration
- N. Graphite Specification
- DOE/EPRI Graphite Rpt
- Supply Chain

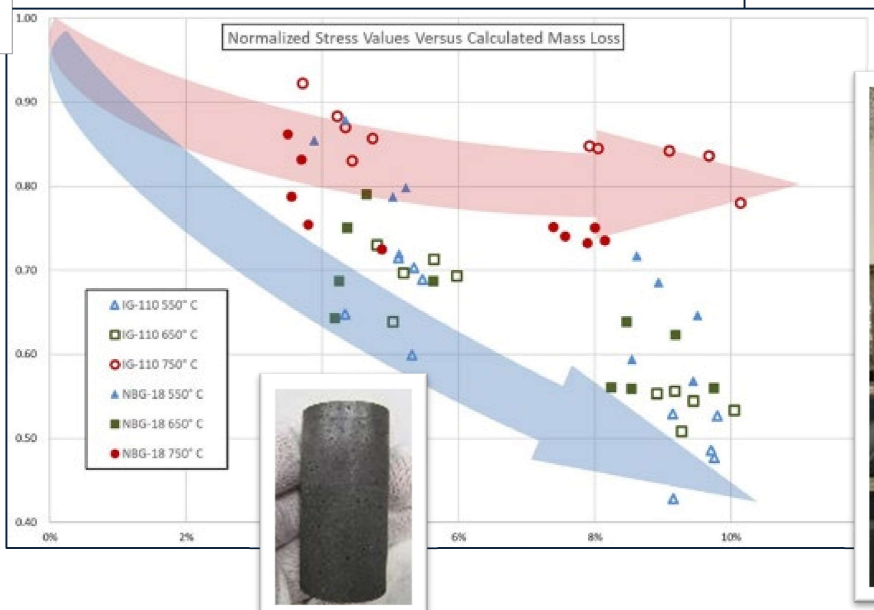
ASME
- Irrdiation Response
- Design Rules
- Molten Salt
- Oxidation
- Definition of Failure
- RIM
- Composites

Graphite Oxidation *(Rebecca Smith)*

- *Irr. graphite oxidation rate*
- *Penetration depth studies*
- *Strength after oxidation*
- *Commercial HTR vendors*



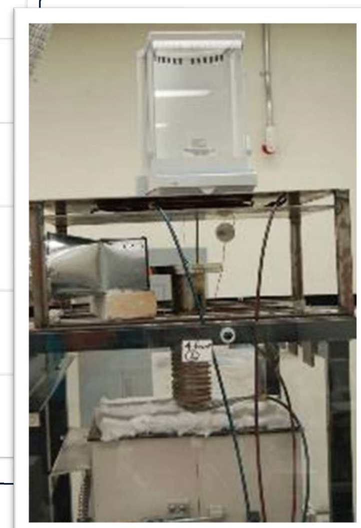





Plan

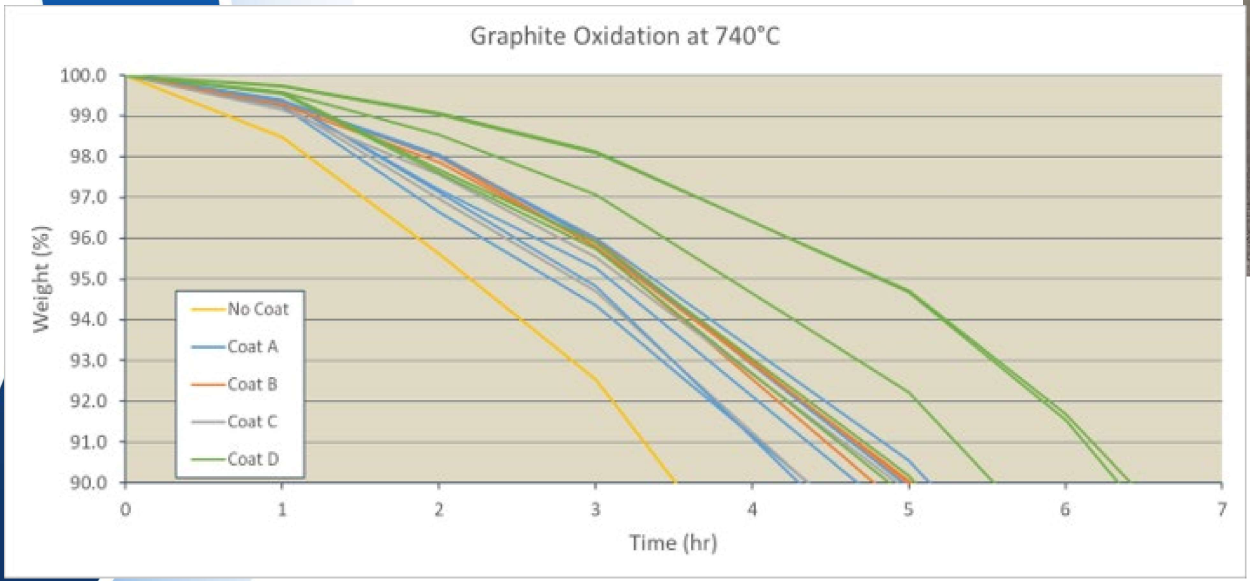
Vertical Furnace Graphite Oxidation Characterization Plan

INL Idaho National Laboratory

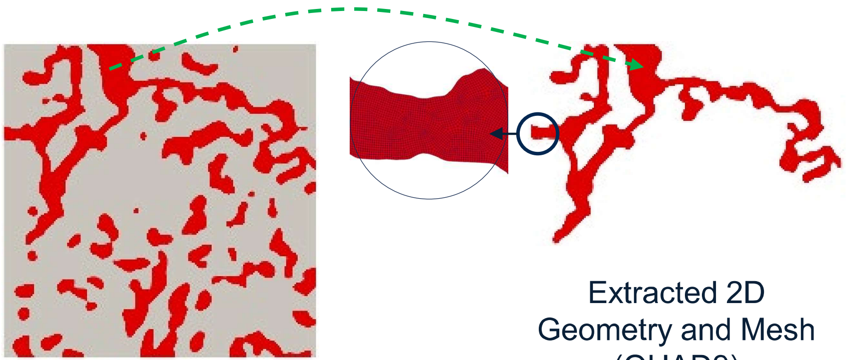


Graphite Oxidation Resistance *(Bragg/Barkdull)*

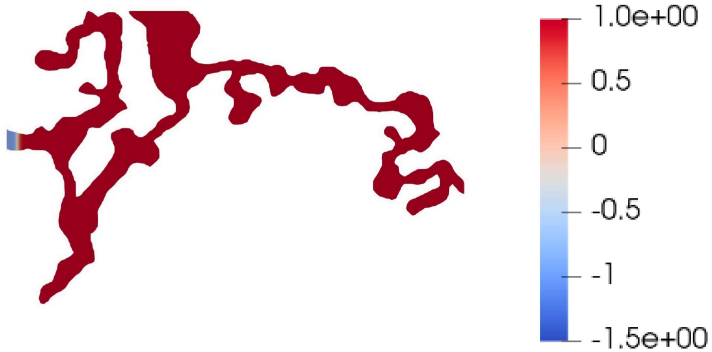
- Increasing the resistance of graphite to oxidation protects graphite from air-ingress accident scenario
- This is done through the introduction of Boron



Graphite Model Development *(Veerappan Prithivirajan)*



Extracted 2D Geometry and Mesh (QUAD9)



Fluid Equations

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} + \rho(\mathbf{u}\cdot\nabla)\mathbf{u} + \nabla P - \nabla\cdot\tau - \frac{\nu}{\epsilon^2}\psi\nabla\phi = 0$$

Phase Field

$$\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial t} + \mathbf{u}\cdot\nabla\phi - \frac{\nu\lambda}{\epsilon^2}\nabla^2\psi = 0$$

$$\psi + \epsilon^2\nabla^2\psi - \phi(\phi^2 - 1) = 0$$

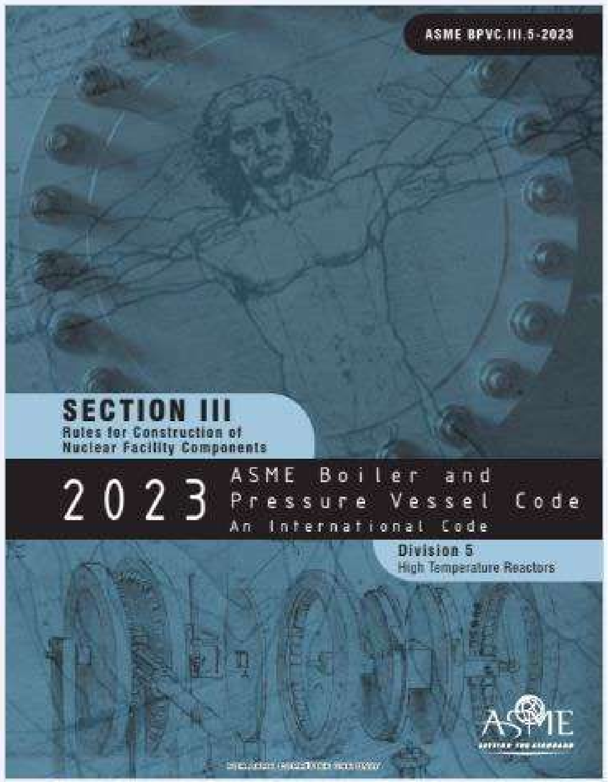
where ϕ is the order parameter and ψ is the auxiliary variable.

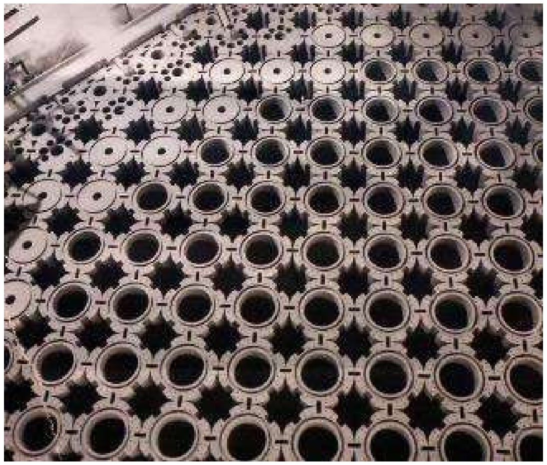
Boundary Conditions

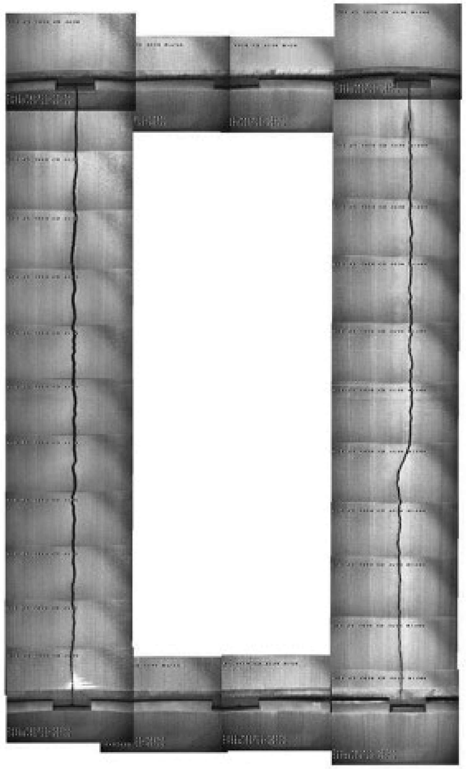
$$\mathbf{u} = 0 \quad \text{on} \quad \partial\Omega$$

$$\nabla\phi\cdot\mathbf{n} = \frac{1}{\lambda}\frac{3\sigma}{4}\cos(\theta_s)(1-\phi^2)$$

ASME – Grappling with the Concept of Component Failure (Martin Metcalfe)







ASME Code Development (Design rules) *(Andrea Mack)*

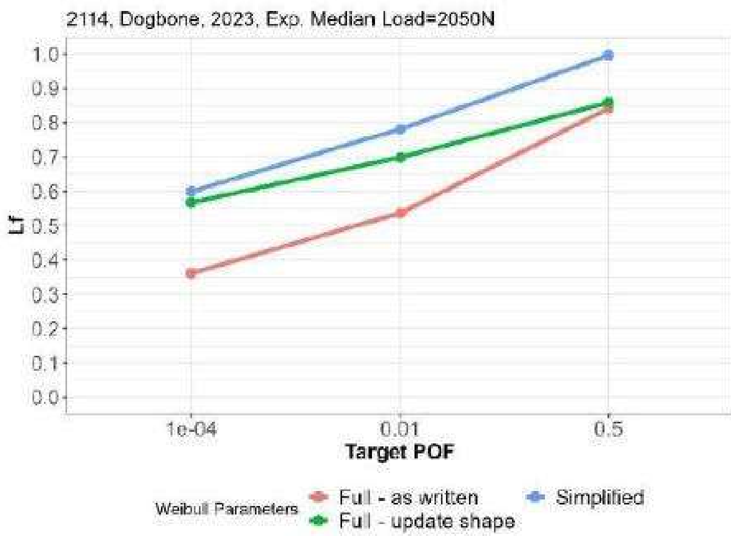


Figure 2: Lf for 2114 dogbones, BPVC 2023

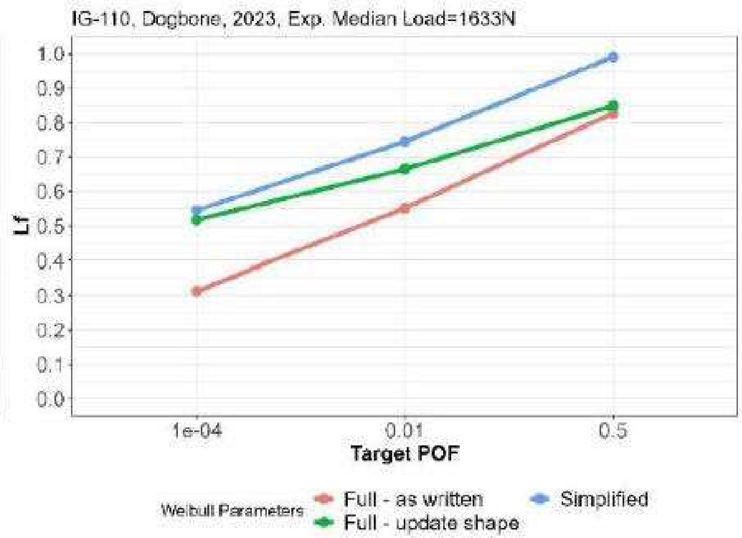


Figure 3: Lf for IG-110 dogbones, BPVC 2023

ASME Ceramic Composites

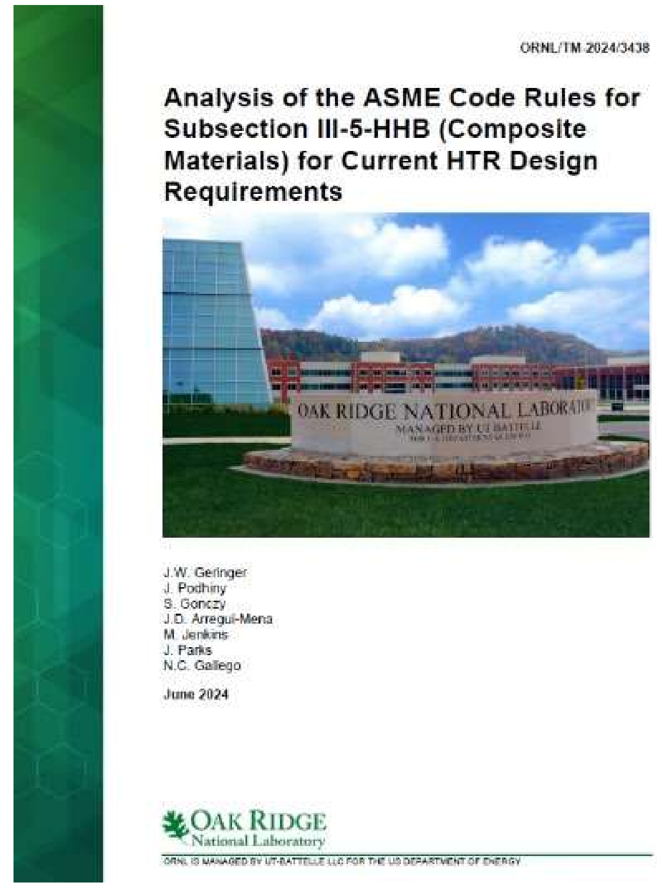
Previous Status

- Code rules established within the ASME design framework
- Allows the use of fiber reinforced CMCs for structural core components in HTRs.
- Provides a method to qualify new CMCs, acceptable for use of nuclear application (NQA-1)

Recent Achievements

- Completed critical analysis review
- Initiated optimization and refinement efforts (e.g. design by test, maximum failure mode, material qual.)

Josina W. Geringer



ORNL/TM-2024/3438

Analysis of the ASME Code Rules for Subsection III-5-HHB (Composite Materials) for Current HTR Design Requirements

J.W. Geringer
J. Podhiny
S. Gonczy
J.D. Arregui-Mena
M. Jenkins
J. Parks
N.C. Gallego

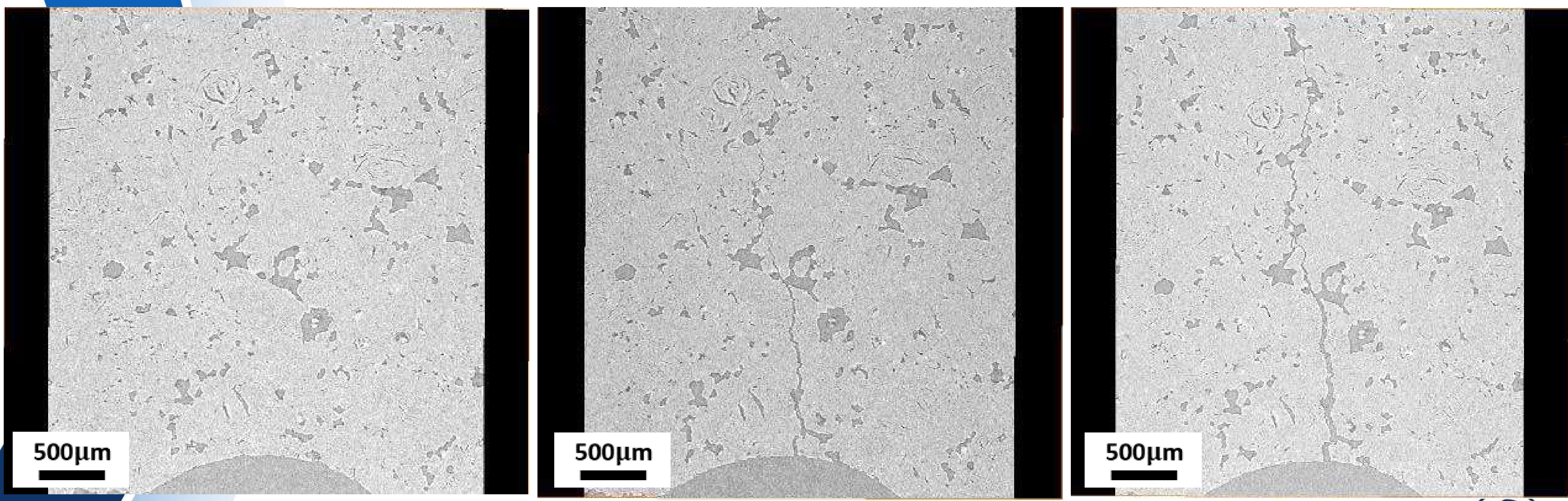
June 2024

OAK RIDGE National Laboratory
ORNL IS MANAGED BY UT-BATTELLE LLC FOR THE US DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

NEUP: *In-situ* micro-CT fracture test *(Gongyuan Liu)*

The NBG-17 graphite was scanned three times under different loads.

Scan 1: 0 N **Scan 2: 890 N** **Scan 3: 790N**

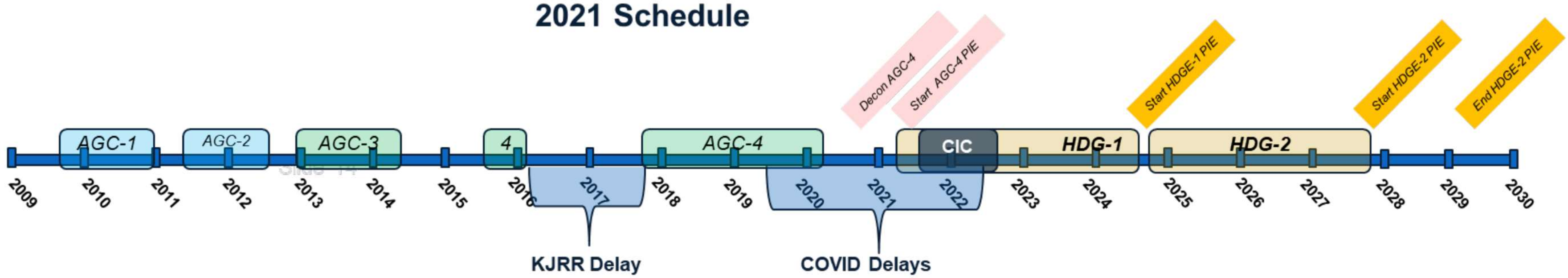


Quantifying the Dynamic and Static Porosity/Microstructure Characteristics of Irradiated Graphite through Multi-technique

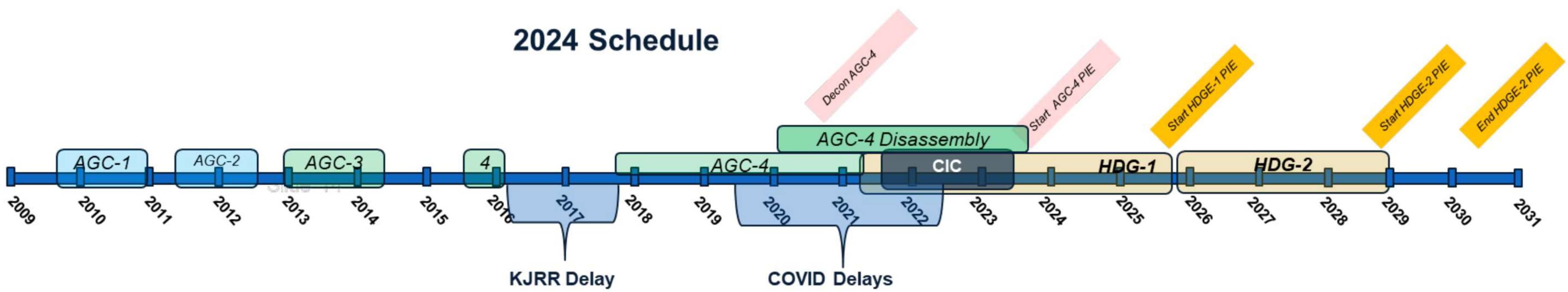
(Jacob Eapen, North Carolina State University)

AGC Update *(Will Windes)*

2021 Schedule



2024 Schedule

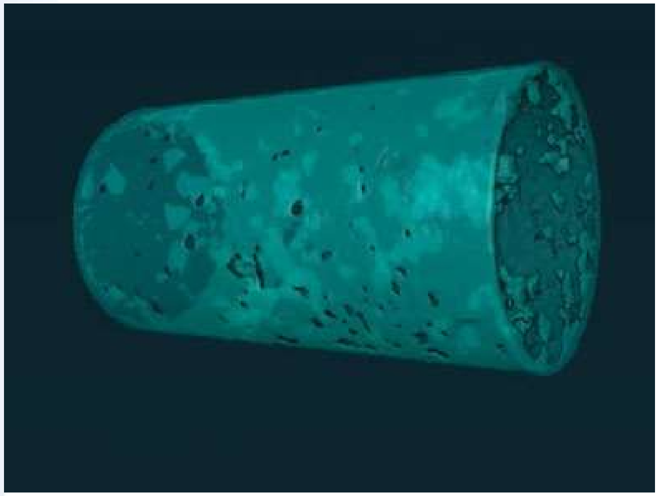


Studies of Molten Salt Intrusion and salt wettability in Graphite

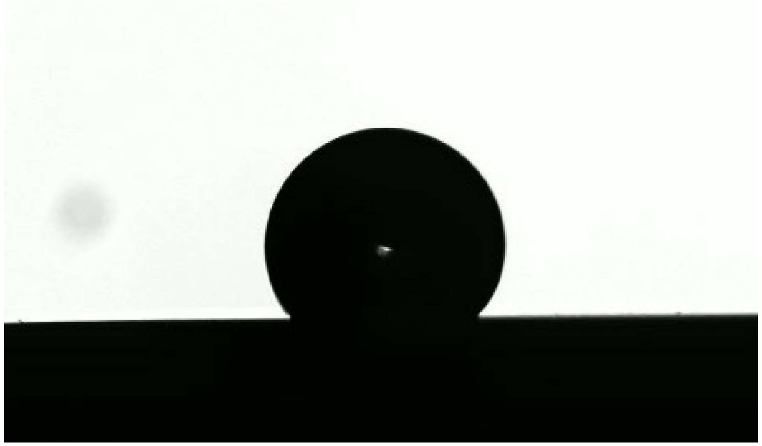
Nidia C. Gallego, Jisue Braatz, et al.

Focus on:

- Understanding salt intrusion (penetration depth and salt distribution) in a wide range of graphite grades (various microstructures) as a function of temperature, pressure and time.
- Studying wetting behavior of salt on graphite surfaces to develop predictive models for salt intrusion



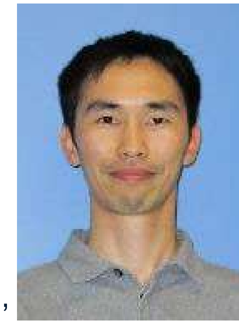
Tomography of NBG-18 sample exposed to molten FLiNaK, 3 bar, 750°C, 336 hours



Drop of molten FLiNaK on a graphite surface

Effect of Sample Thickness on the Tensile Strength of Small Graphite Discs

Lianshan Lin, Nidia C. Gallego

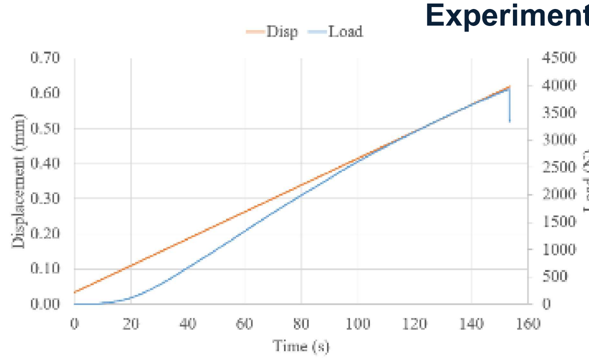


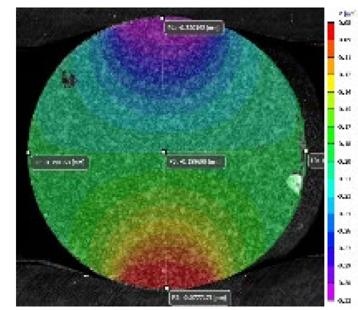
Objective: complete the Advanced Reactor Technologies (ART) Level 3 Milestone (M3TG-24OR0501054), “Continue activities related to Split Disc-DIC - complete analysis of effect of sample thickness on one fine grain graphite.”

Approach: Apply the ASTM D8289 Standard test on graphite samples to investigate the effect of sample thickness on splitting tensile strength. The tests involved Ø12.7 mm samples of fine-grain graphites 2114 and IG 110 of different thicknesses (6.35, 5, 4, and 3 mm). The digital image correlation (DIC) method was applied to the samples, along with the ASTM D8289 Standard, to help interpret the measured results.

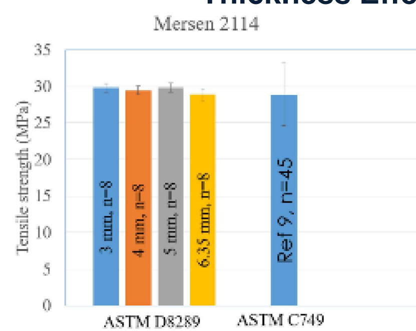
Test Facility & Experimental Setup

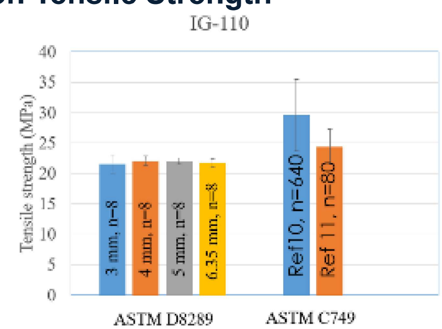
Experimental Results





Thickness Effect on Tensile Strength

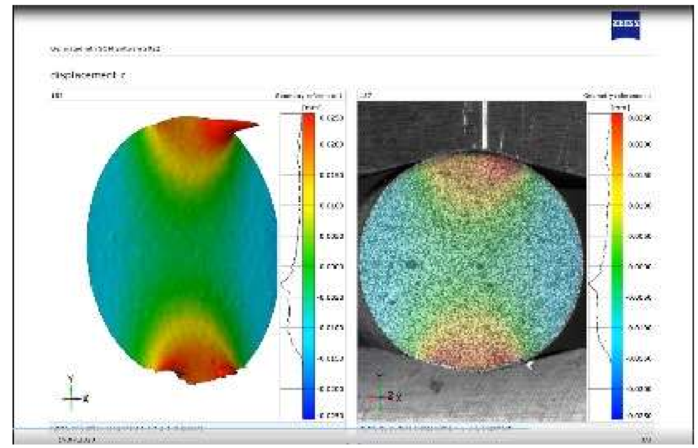




Milestone Report: Lianshan Lin, Nidia C. Gallego, Effect of Sample Thickness on the Tensile Strength of Small Graphite Discs, ORNL/TM-2024/3403. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, 2024

Split-disc studies utilizing Digital Image Correlation (DIC)

Arvin Cunningham



Tribological characterization of graphite in dry argon and molten salt environments

Tomas Grejtak, James R. Keiser, Jun Qu, Nidia C. Gallego

AIM

Objective: investigate the tribological (wear and friction) behavior of graphite pebbles in High Temperature Gas-cooled Reactor (HTGR) and Molten Salt-cooled Reactor (MSR) environments. Complete the (ART) Level 2 Milestone M2TG-24OR0501081: "*Complete report on initial tribological studies within molten salt environment*".

Approach: 1) determine tribologically relevant conditions such as pebble-pebble and pebble-wall contact loads, pebble sliding and rolling speeds; 2) conduct wear and friction experiments on graphite in dry argon and molten FLiNaK salt environments.

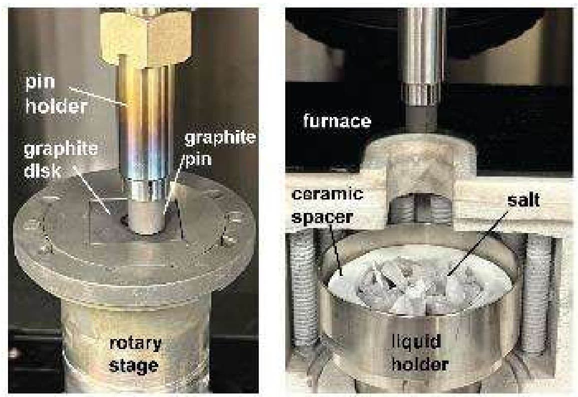
Results

Key input parameters of pebbles

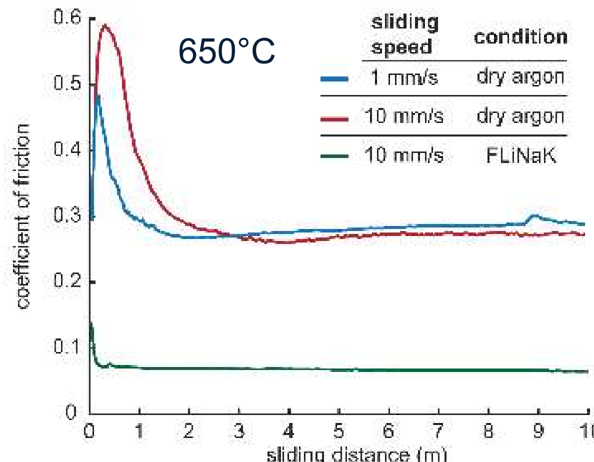
	HTGR	MSR
Contact load (N)	~28	<100
Sliding speed (mm/s)	$<1.2\times10^{-3}$	$\sim4.0\times10^{-4}$
Rolling speed (mm/s)	$<1.1\times10^{-4}$	N/A

Experimental setup

dry argon FLiNaK salt



Frictional behavior



Milestone report

Grejtak, T., Qu, J., Gallego, N.C., Keiser, J.R., Report on Initial Tribological Studies of Graphite in Dry Argon and Molten Salt Environment. ORNL/TM-20024/3253. Oak Ridge National Laboratory, 2024

Concluding remarks

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