

16 July 2024

AGR-3/4 PIE and Data Analysis

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AGR 3/4 Modeling and PIE

DOE ART GCR Review Meeting Hybrid Meeting at INL July 16–18, 2024

Cesium

- Transport model uses best-fit Henrian isotherm parameters
 - Quantities of fission products of interest are low enough to avoid the Freundlich isotherm's transition region, and are low enough (maximum of ppm concentration) that multi-layer adsorption is improbable
- Material properties considered

•
$$D = D_0 \exp\left(-\frac{E_a}{RT}\right)$$

•
$$k_{sorption} = f_0 \exp\left(-\frac{k_H}{RT}\right)$$

• Absolute vapor pressure has no impact on the dynamics of transport, so f_0 is used as a scaling factor to minimize numerical error

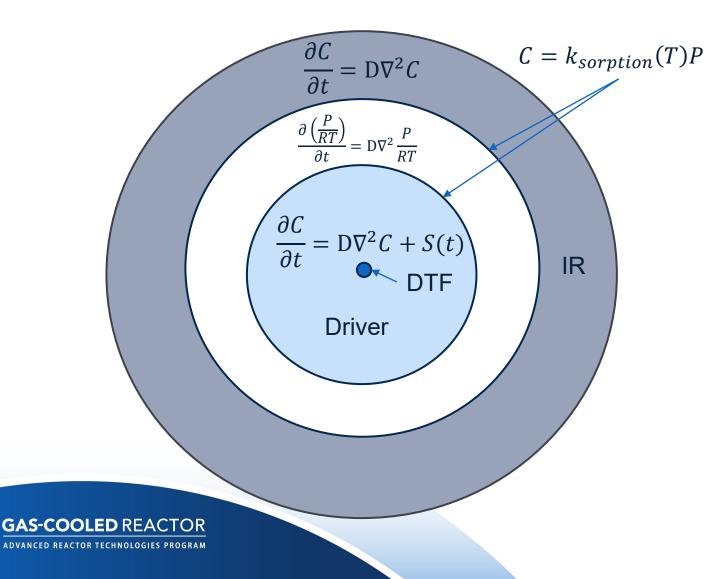
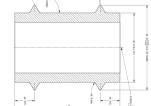
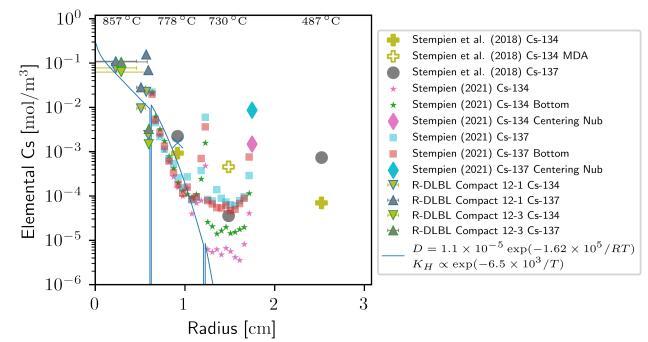


Figure description (Capsule 12)



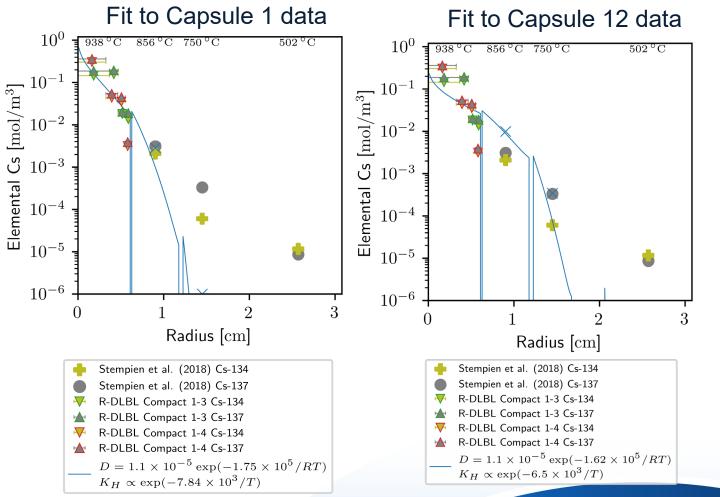
Concentration of fission product in pyramidally-shaped protrusions used for centering the outer ring (outside surface of outer ring, with 10^{0} 778 °C 730 °C $487 \,{}^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ 857 $^{\circ}$ C a higher surface-area to volume ratio) Elemental Cs [mol/m³] Stempien et al. (2018) Cs-134 **ት** Stempien et al. (2018) Cs-134 MDA Stempien et al. (2018) Cs-137 10^{-2} Stempien (2021) Cs-134 Total ring Stempien (2021) Cs-134 Bottom Stempien (2021) Cs-134 Centering Nub 10^{-3} Stempien (2021) Cs-137 Stempien (2021) Cs-137 Bottom inventor 10^{-4} Stempien (2021) Cs-137 Centering Nub R-DLBL Compact 12-1 Cs-134 R-DLBL Compact 12-1 Cs-137 10^{-5} R-DLBL Compact 12-3 Cs-134 R-DLBL Compact 12-3 Cs-137 $D = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} \exp(-1.62 \times 10^5 / RT)$ 10^{-6} $K_H \propto \exp(-6.5 \times 10^3 / T)$ 3 Radius [cm] Isotopic activity profile from destructive analysis converted to elemental concentration in mol/m³ (see legend for Best-fit numerical model, location) showing compact and ring boundaries **GAS-COOLED** REACTOR

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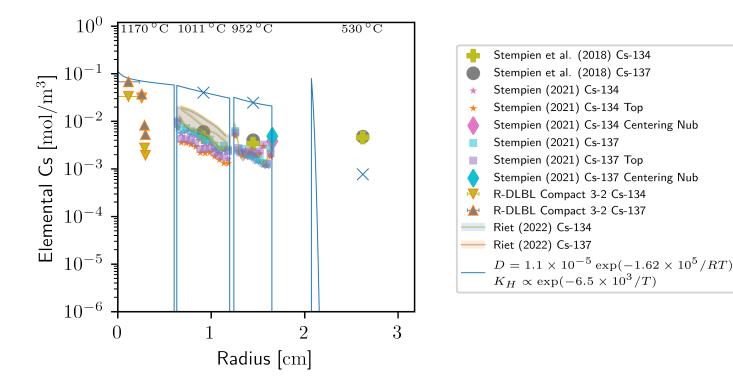
- Capsule 12 was one of the cooler capsules with a large amount of concentration data
- Outer ring concentration profile was not used for data fitting
 - Outer ring profile does not follow the functional form of pure temperature dependent diffusion – this would complicate fitting analysis
 - This may lead to underestimation of transport for low temperature regimes
- Capsule 12 cesium transport fit parameters seem to compare favorably when applied to other capsules
- Best estimate diffusivity and sorption
 - $D_0 = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} m^2/s$
 - $E_a \approx 162 \ kJ/mol$
 - $K_H \approx 6.5 \ kJ/mol$

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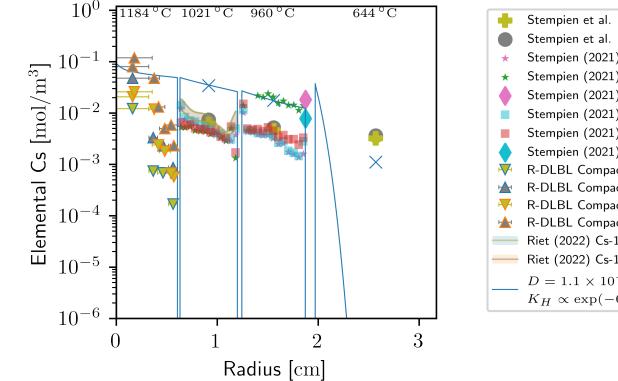
- Colder capsule
- Cs-134 considered reliable
- Best estimate diffusivity and sorption
 - $D_0 = 1.1 \times 10^{-5} m^2/s$
 - $E_a \approx 175 \ kJ/mol$
 - $K_H \approx 7.8 \ kJ/mol$
- Numerical fit to data from capsule 12 is more conservative, still underpredicts transport to the SR.

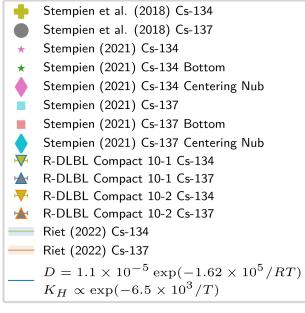
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• One of the highest temperature capsules

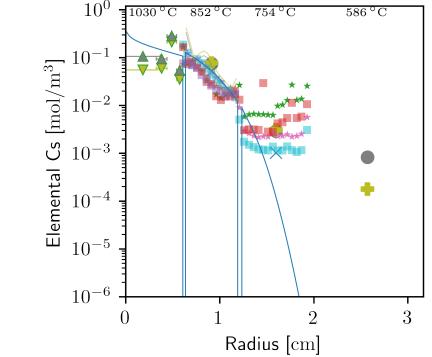
 Transport model with capsule 12 fit parameters underpredicts transport to the sink ring (overpredicts within ring), but is still able to predict SR concentration to within an order of magnitude

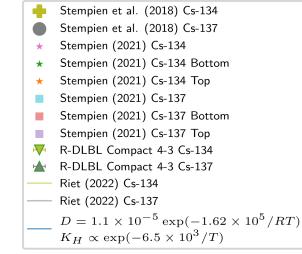




- Compact transport overpredicted
- IR transport seems slightly overpredicted
- OR transport seems accurate
- SR concentration predicted within a factor of 10
- PCEA IR

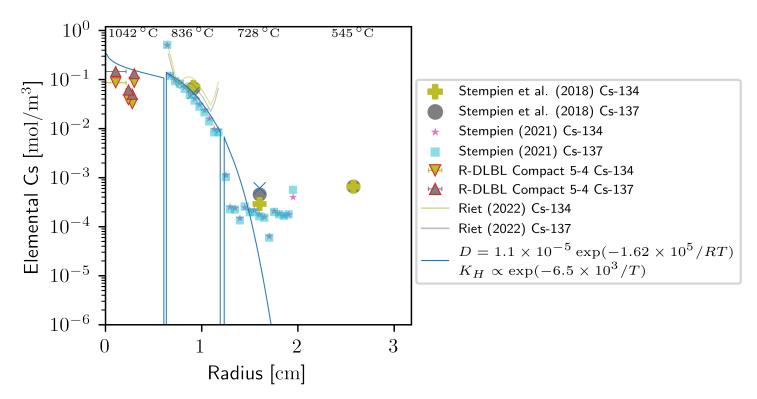
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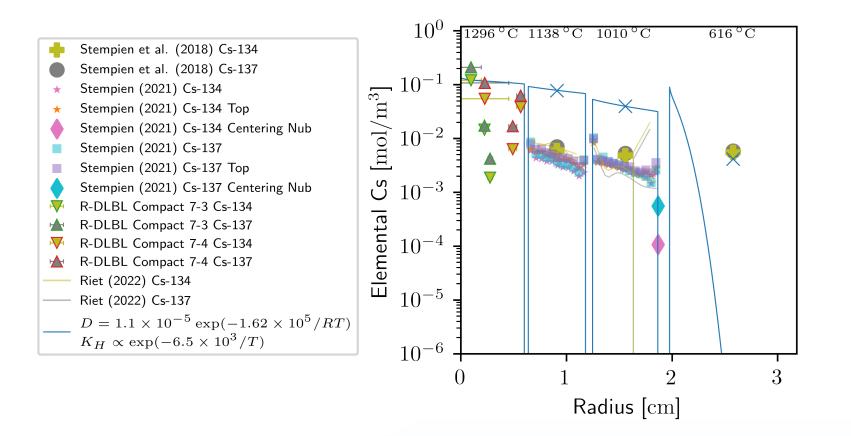


- Compact and SR temperature like capsule 3, but with IR/OR 200 °C cooler
- Compact transport seems to be predicted accurately
- IR transport matches quite well with experiment
- OR transport predicted to within a factor of 10
- SR inventory not predicted accurately

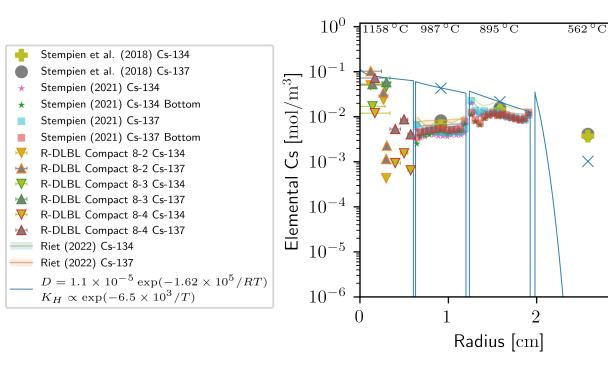
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- Transport model with Capsule 12 fit parameters does exceptionally well at predicting compact, IR and OR concentrations.
- Unable to predict SR concentrations, likely due to the faster low-temperature transport in the SR.



- Transport model overpredicts transport within-rings, but predicts SR concentration accurately
- Nubs in this capsule do not show elevated concentrations of cesium, a deviation from other capsule behavior



- Compact transport greatly overpredicted
- IR transport seems to be underpredicted
- OR transport seems to follow the same concentration profile, seems to be accurately predicted
- SR inventory predicted within a factor of ten

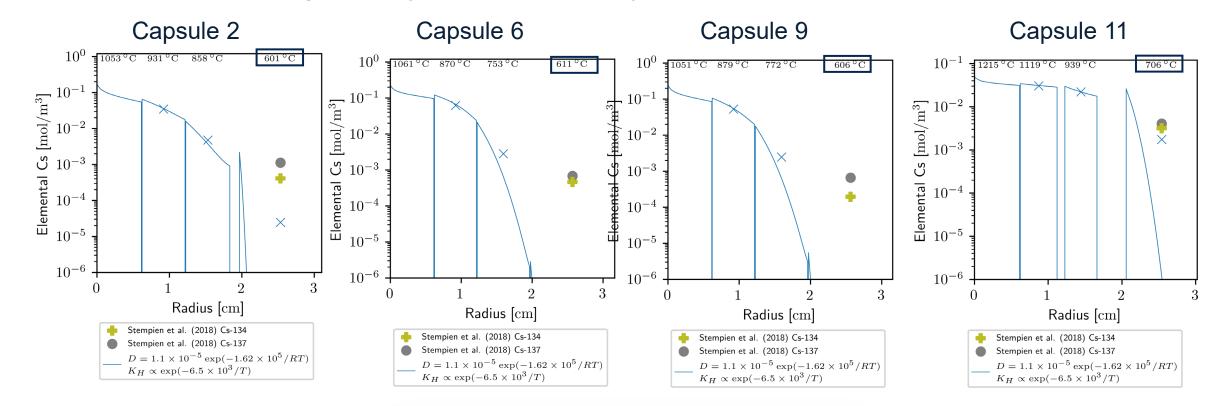
• IG-110 IR

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Capsules without Inner/Outer Ring data

Sink ring inventory is underpredicted by the model



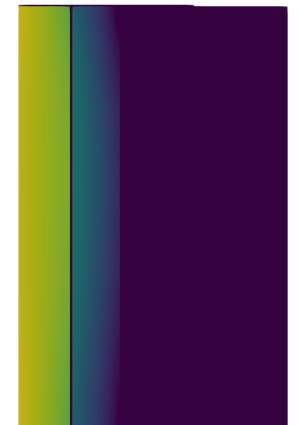
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2D Modeling efforts Very preminary 2D Diffusion only – 10⁻⁷ m²/s

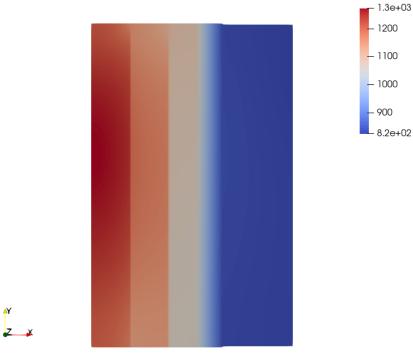
Cs µmol/m³ 2.0e+06

> 1e-5 1e-6 1e-7 1e-8

> > 1.0e-10



- Concentration profile does vary somewhat as a function of axial height
- 0.175mm gap on top and bottom



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Next steps

- Two mobile species
 - C_{bulk}, C_{fast}
 - $\frac{\partial C_{fast}}{\partial t} = D_{fast} \nabla^2 C_{fast} k_A C_{fast} + k_f C_{bulk}$ $\frac{\partial C_{bulk}}{\partial t} = D_{bulk} \nabla^2 C_{bulk} + k_A C_{fast} k_f C_{bulk}$

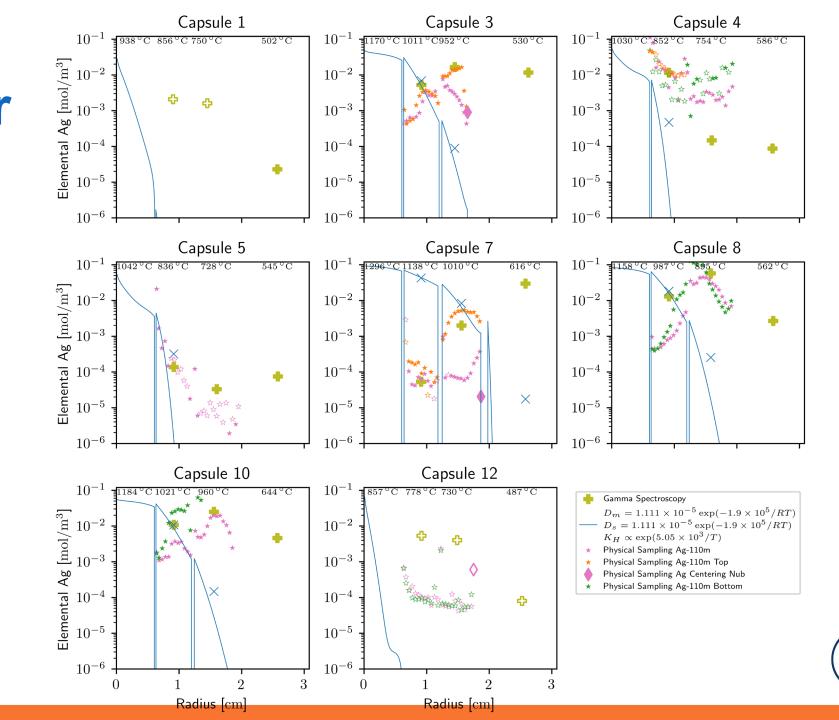
$$k_f = \frac{\kappa_A}{V_{fast} - C_{fast}}$$

•
$$D_{fast} = 10^4 D_{bulk}$$

- $D_{bulk} = D_0 \exp\left(-\frac{E_a}{BT}\right)$
- Fit to find maximum fast transport volume V_{fast} , k_A , D_0 , E_a



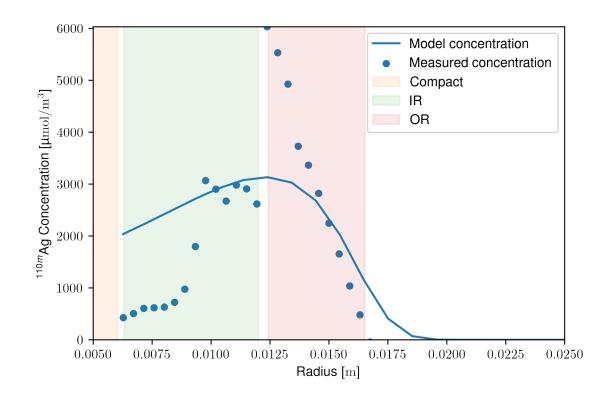
Silver



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Silver Trapping Model best fit

- Preliminary trapping model
 - $\frac{\partial C_t}{\partial t} = k_t C_{bulk} k_r C_t$
 - No upper limit to trap concentration
 - Able to demonstrate "bell-shaped" concentration profiles
 - Initial model ignores gaps between rings – fit parameters will change

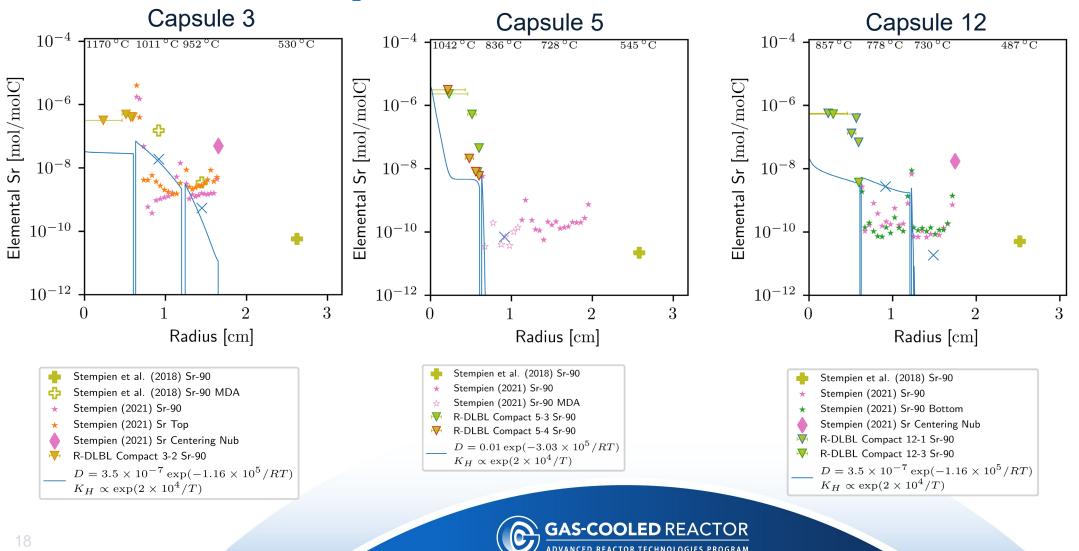






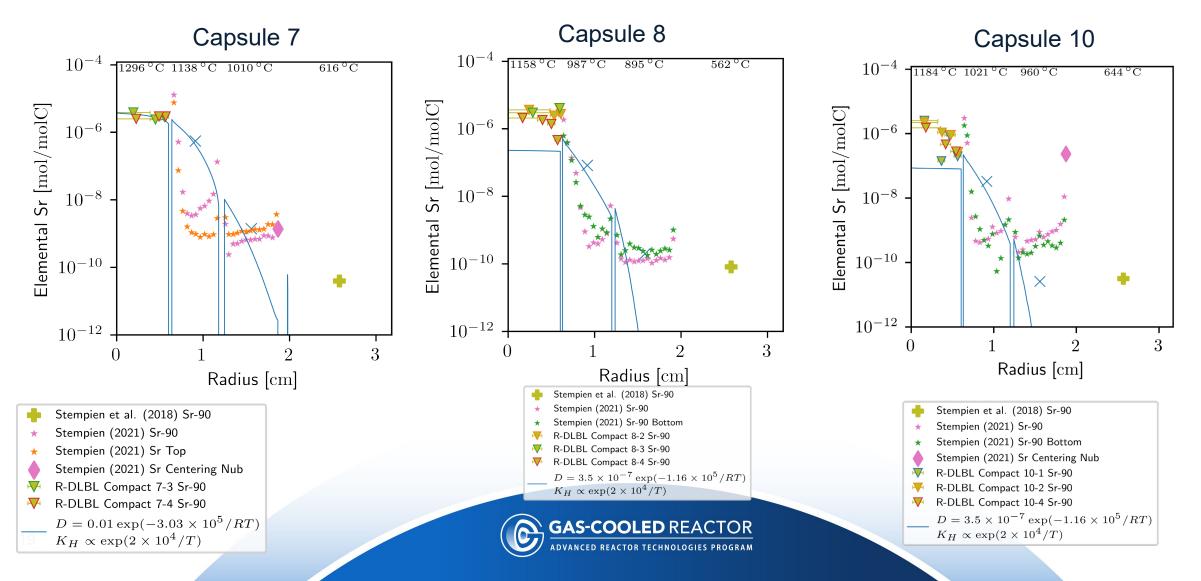


Capsule 3, 5, 12



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Capsule 7, 8, 10



Strontium recap

- Likely to benefit from the dual mobility mechanism model
- DTF/Driver release rate may not be accurately estimated
- Concentration increases on outside of rings still unexplained





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Thank You. Questions?

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